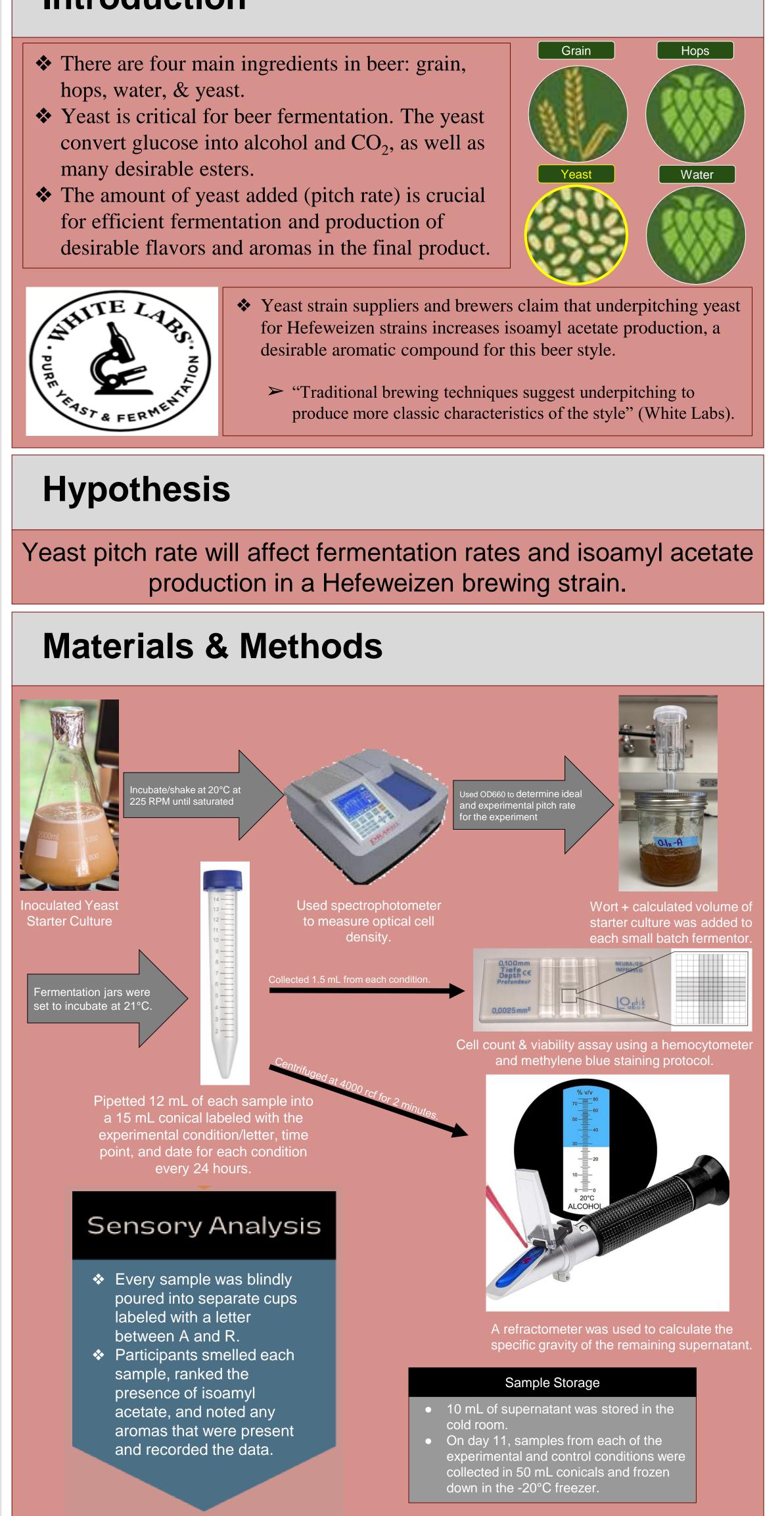


#### Introduction

- hops, water, & yeast.
- many desirable esters.
- for efficient fermentation and production of

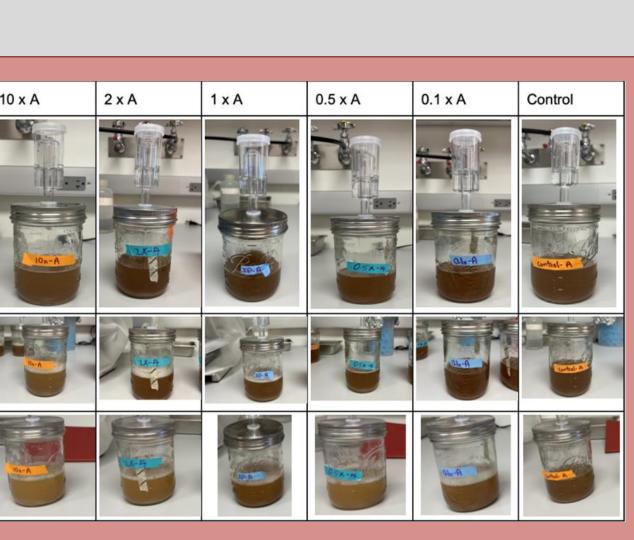




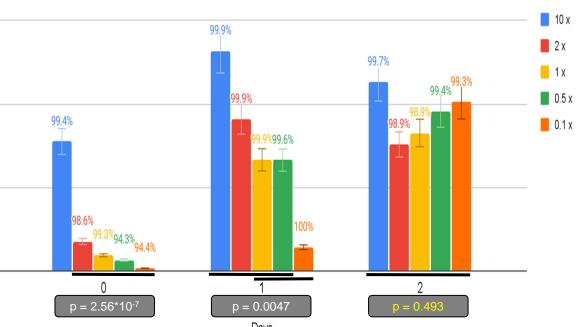
#### The Effect of Pitch Rate on Fermentation and Isoamyl Acetate Production Isabella Torres and Joost Monen, PhD **School of Theoretical and Applied** Ramapo College of New Jersey, Mahwah, NJ, 07430 Sciences

### Results **Table 1:** The Progress of Fermentation for **All Conditions** Based on the spectrophotometer OD660 value of 0.964, calculated values of yeast were added to each fermentation vessel to create the following conditions in triplicate: ► 10-fold increase, 2-fold increase, ideal pitch rate, 2-fold decrease, and a 10fold decrease. Fermentation is increasing between the day 0, day 1, and day 2 small batch fermentors. Fermentation was near equal by day 5 in all pitch rate conditions **1** x 0.5 x 🗕 0.1 x Control **Figure 1**: Average Fermentation Rates for All **Pitch Rate Conditions.** ✤ After day 5, fermentation rates dropped off in all conditions. Ranked Sensory Analysis Data for Each Condition A B C among groups within groups mean Total Rank **<u>Figure 3</u>: Ranked Sensory Analysis Data.** ◆ On average, the ideal pitch rate had the highest observable isoamyl acetate levels. • Overpitching was found to lead to higher detectable levels than underpitching. **Further Directions** Scale the experiment up to better imitate brewery conditions to account for the control of oxygen levels seen in brewery fermentation tanks. Incrementally underpitch the beer to see if there is a condition that is statistically

- different that was not tested in this experiment.
- Work with a trained cicerone for sensory analysis who can better quantify the data. Perform GC-MS on samples to quantify isoamyl acetate levels.
- Examine gene expression in all conditions and determine correlation with isoamyl acetate production.



Despite varying initial cell counts, counts were statistically the same by day 2



**Figure 2**: Average Cell Counts & Viability for All **Pitch Rate Conditions.** 

Cell counts were significantly the same by day 2 in all conditions.

♦ Viability was high at >94.3% for all conditions.

n of squares	degrees of freedom	mean square	Fs	р	variance component (%)
0.611	5	0.122	2.285	0.067	15.51
1.925	36	0.053			84.49
2.536	41				
10x	2x	1x	0.5x	0.1x	control
0.765714	0.867143	0.885714	0.722857	0.712857	0.52
7	7	7	7	7	7
10x	2x	1x	0.5x	0.1x	control
0.83	0.83	0.88	0.33	1	0.5
0.92	1	0.92	0.92	0.75	0.75
1	0.44	1	0.78	0.89	0.67
0.8	1	0.9	1	0.8	0.6
0.58	1	0.83	0.33	0.42	0.42
0.9	0.8	1	0.7	0.8	0.7
0.33	1	0.67	1	0.33	0

**Figure 4: One-Way ANOVA with Standardized Isoamyl Acetate Scores.** • The p-value was 0.067 which is >0.05 and is not

statistically significant.

# Discussion

- all pitch rate conditions was equal.
- regardless of pitch rate.
- Control contamination is evident indicated by visual specific gravity which signifies increased fermentation.
- not observed.
- observed such as pear, apple, and clove-like aromas.

### Conclusion

- attenuation.
- by day 2 of the experiment.
- acetate.
- acetate levels were highest at ideal pitch rate.

## Citations

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Fermentation rates, as expected, were higher in over pitched conditions at the start, but by the five day mark attenuation in

Cell counts in all pitch rate conditions equilibrated by day 2

identification of cells on the refractometer and decreased The sensory analysis of control B revealed a diacetyl aroma, which could be indicative of contamination with lactic acid fermenting bacteria. Controls A & C had aromatics of other fruity esters, but the strong presence of isoamyl acetate was

On average, the presence of isoamyl acetate was observed, but not as a strong characteristic. Other esters were also

While pitch rate affected the initiation of fermentation, it did not have a significant impact on fermentation length or

There was no significant difference in cell count or viability

This experiment aimed to find the specific underpitch condition that will produce significant amounts of isoamyl

 $\succ$  While there was no statistical difference in the sensory data, the average data trends revealed that the isoamyl

◆ 15 ml sterile centrifuge tubes with cap, graduated. Medicus Health: Lab, Surgical & Infection Control Supplies. (n.d.). https://www.medicus-health.com/conical-centrifuge-tubes-graduated-cap-15-ml.html Dewangan, N., & Mahiru, A. (2023, August 3). Beer production-ingredients, process, and method.

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